FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended December 31, 2020



MURRELLS INLET-GARDEN CITY FIRE DEPARTMENT TABLE OF CONTENTS December 31, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Murrells Inlet-Garden City Fire Department Murrells Inlet, South Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Murrells Inlet-Garden City Fire Department, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Murrells Inlet-Garden City Fire Department's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Murrells Inlet-Garden City Fire Department, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 3 - 8), pension plan information (pages 33 - 36) and budgetary comparison information (pages 37 - 39) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Smith Sapp Professional association

Certified Public Accountants

Myrtle Beach, South Carolina June 28, 2021

MURRELLS INLET-GARDEN CITY FIRE DEPARTMENT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year Ended December 31, 2020

Management's discussion and analysis of the Murrells Inlet-Garden City Fire Department's (the Department) financial performance provides an overview of the Department's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the Department's financial statements, which begin on page 9.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Department exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$4,805,689 (net position).
- The Department's total net position increased by \$27,936, or 0.6%, during the year ended December 31, 2020.
- During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Department's total revenues amounted to \$7,592,693, an increase of 20.8%.
- During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Department's total expenses amounted to \$7,564,757, an increase of 12.9%.
- At December 31, 2020, the Department's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$4,846,468, an increase of \$37,411 in comparison to the prior year.
- There was a net decrease in the Department's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year in the amount of \$13,919, or 0.2%.
- At year-end, the Department had \$1,658,842 in outstanding notes payable compared to \$1,791,659 last year, a decrease of \$132,817.

Using This Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities (on pages 9 - 10) provide information about the activities of the Department as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Department's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 11. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Department's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Department's funds. The fiduciary fund financial statements on pages 15 - 16 provides financial information about an activity for which the Department acts as a custodian on behalf of the Department's firemen. The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements and begin on page 17. This report also contains other information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Reporting the Department as a Whole

Our analysis of the Department as a whole begins on page 5. One of the most important questions asked about the Department's finances is, "Is the Department as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?". The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the Department

as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Department's net position and changes in them. You can think of the Department's net position, which is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, as one way to measure the Department's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Department's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, to assess the overall health of the Department.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the Department's governmental activities include fire department and rescue squad operations. Property taxes, impact fees and charges for services are the primary financing sources for these activities.

Reporting the Department's Funds

Our analysis of the Department's funds begins on page 7. The fund financial statements begin on page 11 and provide detailed information about the funds, not the Department as a whole. The Board of Directors establishes funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain grants and other money.

The Department's services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called the "modified accrual basis of accounting", which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Department's operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Department's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and the governmental funds is presented in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

The Department as an Custodian

The Department is an custodian, or fiduciary, for certain funds held on behalf of the Department's firemen. The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 - 16 of this report. We exclude this activity from the Department's other financial statements because the Department cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Department is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in this fund are used for their intended purposes.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 17.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning pension plans and budgetary information beginning on page 33.

The Department as a Whole

Condensed statements of net position at December 31, 2020 and 2019 are shown below.

THE DEPARTMENT'S NET POSITION

	2020	2019
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets (Net) Total Assets	\$ 6,613,685 5,848,447 \$ 12,462,132	\$ 6,001,601 5,862,366 \$ 11,863,967
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$2,023,872	\$1,481,718
Long-Term Liabilities Other Liabilities Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 9,081,105 474,762 \$ 9,555,867 \$ 124,448	\$ 7,847,652 343,859 \$ 8,191,511 \$ 376,421
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$ 4,189,605 358,137 257,947 \$ 4,805,689	\$ 4,070,707 310,420 396,626 \$ 4,777,753

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. The Department's net position at December 31, 2020 was \$4,805,689, an increase of \$27,936, or 0.6%, from a year ago.

The largest portion of the Department's net position, \$4,189,605 reflects its investment in capital assets less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The Department uses these capital assets to provide services; consequently, the assets are not available for future spending. An additional portion of the Department's net position, \$358,137, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position amounts to \$257,947.

Changes in the Department's net position during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 follows.

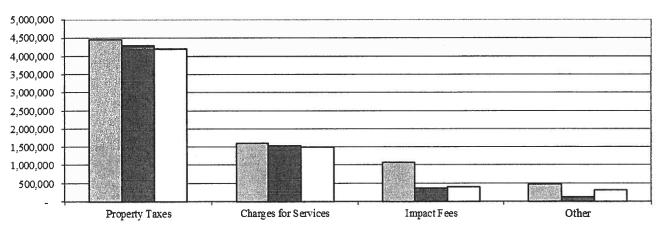
THE DEPARTMENT'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		2020	 2019
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$	1,600,601	\$ 1,528,059
Operating Grants and Contributions		141,648	92,584
Capital Grants and Contributions		328,326	
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes		4,450,260	4,292,361
Impact Fees		1,064,379	354,794
Investment Earnings	_	7,479	 18,636
Total Revenues	\$_	7,592,693	\$ 6,286,434

THE DEPARTMENT'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION (continued)

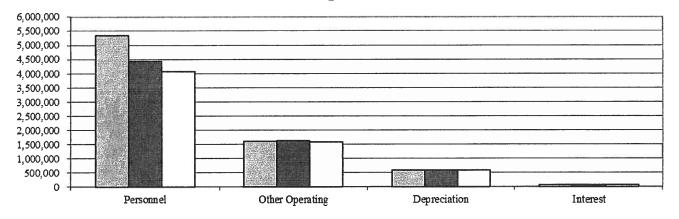
	2020	2019
Expenses: Fire Department	\$ 6,877,987	\$ 6,110,118
Rescue Squad	634,240	532,920
Interest Expense Total Expenses	52,530 \$ 7,564,757	54,472 \$ 6,697,510
Change in Net Position	\$ 27,936	\$ (411,076)
Total Net Position - Beginning	4,777,753	5,188,829
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ <u>4,805,689</u>	\$ <u>4,777,753</u>

Revenues



□2020 **■**2019 **□**2018

Expenses



□2020 **■**2019 **□**2018

The Department's revenues increased by 20.8% (\$7,592,693 in 2020 compared to \$6,286,434 in 2019) and expenses increased by 12.9% (\$7,564,757 in 2020 compared to \$6,697,510 in 2019). The factors driving these results include:

- Property taxes increased by 3.7% (\$4,450,260 in 2020 compared to \$4,292,361 in 2019).
- Impact fees increased by \$709,585 (\$1,064,379 in 2020 compared to \$354,794 in 2019).
- Charges for services increased by 4.7% (\$1,600,601 in 2020 compared to \$1,528,059 in 2019).
- Capital grants and contributions increased by \$328,326 (\$328,326 in 2020 compared to \$0 in 2019).
- Personnel expenses increased 20.4% (\$5,329,857 in 2020 compared to \$4,426,159 in 2019).

The Department's Funds

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Department's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Department's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Department's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Department's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$4,846,468 an increase of \$37,411 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$4,387,619, or 90.5%, constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the Department's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is either not available for spending or restricted for specific purposes by external constraints.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Department. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$4,499,256 while the total fund balance amounted to \$4,958,105. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 68.2% of total expenditures, while total fund balance represents 75.2% of that same amount. The General Fund's total fund balance increased by \$165,193 during the current fiscal year.

The Rescue Squad Fund has a total fund balance of \$(111,637), an decrease of \$127,782 from the prior year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original budget was not amended during the year. Revenues available for appropriation were \$1,007,650 above the budgeted amounts. The actual charges to appropriations (expenditures) were \$870,121 over the budgeted amounts.

Budget to actual comparisons for the General Fund can be found on page 37.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Department's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2020 amounted to \$5,848,447, net of accumulated depreciation. This amount represents a net decrease of \$13,919, or 0.2%, from last year.

Capital assets were comprised of the following at December 31, 2020 and 2019:

		2020		2019
Land	\$	974,517	\$	974,517
Land Improvements		109,296		109,296
Buildings and Improvements		3,911,133		3,892,214
Fire Trucks		4,095,120		4,095,120
Vehicles and Equipment		3,216,999		2,790,645
Accumulated Depreciation		(6,458,618)	_	(5,999,426)
Capital Assets (Net)	\$_	5,848,447	\$	5,862,366

More detailed information about the Department's capital assets is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Debt

At year-end, the Department had \$1,658,842 in outstanding notes payable compared to \$1,791,659 last year, a decrease of 7.4%. More detailed information about the Department's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 8 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Department's Board of Directors considered many factors when setting the 2021 budget. Some of those factors are the economy, population growth rate and inflation rates. These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2021. Revenues available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$6,920,017, an increase of 20.5% from the 2020 budget of \$5,742,339. Budgeted expenditures are expected to increase 20.4%, from \$5,727,005 in fiscal year 2020 to \$6,897,060 in fiscal year 2021.

Contacting the Department's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the Department's finances and to show the Department's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Department at Post Office Box 648, Murrells Inlet, South Carolina 29576 or phone (843) 651-1101.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MURRELLS INLET-GARDEN CITY FIRE DEPARTMENT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES December 31, 2020

ASSETS

Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables (Net) Inventories Prepaid Assets Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Land Other Capital Assets (Net)	\$	1,460,570 4,991,873 69,489 31,223 60,530 974,517 4,873,930
Total Assets	\$_	12,462,132
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Pension Plans	\$_	2,023,872
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses Noncurrent Liabilities:	\$	474,762
Due Within One Year Due in More Than One Year	- Annales	368,402 8,712,703
Total Liabilities	\$_	9,555,867
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Pension Plans	\$_	124,448
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted - Impact Fees Unrestricted	\$	4,189,605 358,137 257,947
Total Net Position	\$_	4,805,689

MURRELLS INLET-GARDEN CITY FIRE DEPARTMENT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2020

					Pr	ogram Revenu	es		1	Net (Expense)
			Ī			Operating		Capital		Revenue and
T (* /D		T-		Charges for		Grants and		Grants and		Change in
Functions / Programs	-	Expenses		Services	_	Contributions		Contributions	-	Net Position
Governmental Activities:	\$	6,877,987	\$	1 100 061	ď	1 / 1 / 6 / 10	Φ	220 226	ው	(5.209.052)
Fire Department Rescue Squad	Ф	634,240	Ф	1,199,961 400,640	Ф	141,648	Ф	328,326	Ф	(5,208,052) (233,600)
Interest Expense		52,530		400,040						(52,530)
Totals	\$_	7,564,757	- _Ф -	1,600,601	- _©	141,648	Φ.	328,326	-	(5,494,182)
Totals	Ψ=	7,304,737	= ^Ψ =	1,000,001	= ^Φ	141,048	= Ψ	320,320	Ψ_	(3,434,102)
	Ge	neral Revenu	ies:							
	P	roperty Taxe	es					;	\$	4,450,260
	Ŀ	mpact Fees								1,064,379
	I	nvestment Ea		_						7,479
		Total Gener	al l	Revenues					\$ _	5,522,118
	Ch	ange in Net I	Pos	ition					\$	27,936
	~			.						
	To	tal Net Positi	lon	- Beginning					_	4,777,753
	То	tal Net Posit	ion	Ending					\$	4,805,689
	10	iai inci Fusii.	IUII	- Ending					Φ_	4,003,009

MURRELLS INLET-GARDEN CITY FIRE DEPARTMENT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2020

A COLDING	_	General Fund		Rescue Squad Fund		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables (Net):	\$	1,279,093	\$	181,477	\$	1,460,570
Emergency Medical Services Intergovernmental:		942,244				942,244
Restricted		297,607				297,607
Unrestricted		1,910,554				1,910,554
Property Taxes		1,833,872				1,833,872
Other		7,121		475		7,596
Due From Other Fund		269,328				269,328
Inventories		69,489				69,489
Prepaid Assets		31,223				31,223
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	_	60,530		-		60,530
Total Assets	\$_	6,701,061	\$	181,952	\$	6,883,013
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenditures Due to Other Fund	\$	410,900	\$	24,261 269,328	\$	435,161 269,328
Total Liabilities	\$_	410,900	\$		\$	704,489
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable Revenue	\$_	1,332,056	\$		\$	1,332,056
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:		ā				
Inventories	\$	69,489	2		\$	69,489
Prepaid Assets	Ψ	31,223	Ψ		Ψ	31,223
Restricted - Impact Fees		358,137				358,137
Unassigned		4,499,256		(111,637)		4,387,619
Total Fund Balances	\$_	4,958,105	\$	(111,637)	\$	4,846,468
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ =	6,701,061	\$	181,952	\$	6,883,013

MURRELLS INLET-GARDEN CITY FIRE DEPARTMENT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2020

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	4,846,468
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	•	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		5,848,447
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		1,332,056
Long-term liabilities, including notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	_	(7,221,282)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$_	4,805,689

MURRELLS INLET-GARDEN CITY FIRE DEPARTMENT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended December 31, 2020

	_	General Fund		Rescue Squad Fund	_	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	ф	4 070 221	Φ		Φ	4 070 221
Property Taxes	\$	4,272,331	\$	100 265	\$	4,272,331
Charges for Services		935,821		400,265		1,336,086
Impact Fees		1,064,379				1,064,379
Intergovernmental		462,737		375		462,737 15,096
Miscellaneous	_e –	14,721	۰ -	400,640	-\$	
Total Revenues	\$_	6,749,989	٠,	400,040	- _Ф	7,150,629
EXPENDITURES						
Current:	ф	5 760 607	Φ		ው	5.760.607
Fire Department	\$	5,760,607	Þ	500 400	\$	5,760,607
Rescue Squad		(40.466		528,422		528,422
Capital Outlay		649,466				649,466
Debt Service:		122 017				122 017
Principal		132,817				132,817
Interest	e —	54,236	۰ -	529 422	٠	54,236
Total Expenditures	\$_	6,597,126	. ^ф -	528,422	- \$	7,125,548
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	152,863	\$	(127,782)	\$	25,081
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Sale of Capital Assets	_	12,330			_	12,330
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	165,193	\$	(127,782)	\$	37,411
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	4,792,912		16,145	_	4,809,057
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Ending	\$_	4,958,105	\$	(111,637)	\$	4,846,468

MURRELLS INLET-GARDEN CITY FIRE DEPARTMENT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 37,411
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and are reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation (\$581,238) and the book value of disposals (\$82,147) exceeded capital outlays (\$649,466) in the current period.	(13,919)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	442,064
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, had any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt.	132,817
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	 (570,437)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 27,936

MURRELLS INLET-GARDEN CITY FIRE DEPARTMENT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUND December 31, 2020

ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 60,900
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Firemen	\$ 60,900

MURRELLS INLET-GARDEN CITY FIRE DEPARTMENT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUND

Year Ended December 31, 2020

ADDITIONS		
Insurance Receipts	\$	213,318
Miscellaneous		75
Total Additions	\$	213,393
DEDUCTIONS		
Retirement Plan	\$	180,717
Miscellaneous		13,201
Total Deductions	\$	193,918
Change in Net Position	\$	19,475
N. D. M. D. J. J.		
Net Position - Beginning		41,425
Net Position - Ending	\$	60,900
LICE I OSICION - EUGING	Φ	00,900



Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Murrells Inlet-Garden City Fire Department (the Department) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Department applies all relevant GASB pronouncements.

The more significant accounting policies of the Department are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Department was established in 1966 by Title 4 Chapter 23 of the Code of Laws of the State of South Carolina. The Department was created to provide fire protection for the residents of the district that was created. The Department's duties and responsibilities include purchasing and maintaining firefighting equipment, hiring and employing firemen and training volunteer firemen.

Funding for the Department is provided by property taxes and impact fees levied and collected by Georgetown County, South Carolina and Horry County, South Carolina. The Department receives contractual revenues from Georgetown County to provide paramedic rescue services.

In evaluating how to define the Department, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. Potential component units are legally separate organizations for which the Department might be considered to be financially accountable. The Murrells Inlet-Garden City Fire Department financial reporting entity consists only of the activities of the Department. No other separate entities have been included in the reporting entity since the Department is not financially accountable for any other separate organizations.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Department's government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of its nonfiduciary activities. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (a) charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Department are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The Department uses the following fund types:

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement is upon the determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the Department's governmental funds:

- 1. General fund is the general operating fund of the Department. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- 2. Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes and the revenue serves as the foundation of the fund.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or custodial capacity for others and therefore are not available to support Department programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position.

The Department reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Department's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Rescue Squad Fund is a special revenue fund that is used to account for contract revenues received from Georgetown County, South Carolina to provide paramedic rescue services.

The Department's custodial fund is presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Since these assets cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Department, the custodial fund is not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements. The Department's custodial fund is as follows:

The *Firemen's Fund* is used to account for resources held by the Department for its firemen in an custodial capacity.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Department considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. The Department considers all revenues to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and net pension liability, are recorded only when payment is due.

E. Cash Equivalents

The Department considers all short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

F. Receivables

Receivables are presented in the financial statements net of allowances for doubtful accounts. Allowances for doubtful accounts are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of receivables.

G. Interfund Activity

The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Interfund activity is classified as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are referred to as due to/from other funds. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

H. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, on an average cost basis.

I. Prepaid Assets

Certain payments to venders reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid assets using the consumption method in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

J. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets consist of impact fees that must be expended for the acquisition and/or maintenance of property and equipment utilized by the Department. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Department's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Department as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500. Purchased capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost on the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs, which neither materially add to the value of an asset nor prolong its life, are charged to expense as incurred. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land Improvements	15 years
Buildings and Improvements	40 years
Fire Trucks	20 years
Vehicles and Equipment	5 years

L. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The Department currently has one item which qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred amount related to pension plans, which represents the Department's proportionate share of the plans' deferred outflows of resources.

M. Compensated Absences

It is the Department's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick pay since the Department does not have to pay any amounts if an employee separates from service. Vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is not reported in the governmental funds.

N. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The Department currently has two items which qualify for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The deferred amounts related to pension plans represents the Department's proportionate share of the plans' deferred inflows of resources.

O. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize the repayment of the principal of long-term debt during the current period. The face amount of long-term debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

P. Equity Classifications

In the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements, equity is classified as net position and is displayed in the following components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - Consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use by (a) third parties such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position - All other net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are displayed in the following components:

Nonspendable - Consists of amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Consists of amounts with constraints placed on their use by (a) third parties such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unassigned - Consists of all amounts not included in other classifications. The Department only reports positive unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Department considers restricted funds to have been spent first. Additionally, the Department first uses committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The Department has not formally adopted a minimum fund balance policy.

Q. Revenues and Expenses

Real property and all personal property other than vehicles are assessed for property tax purposes as of January 1st of each year. All taxable property is assessed in proportion to its value on that date. Taxes are payable between October 1st and January 15th following their levy on October 1st. The lien date is January 15th and unpaid amounts after this date are considered to be delinquent and are subject to penalties for late payment.

New vehicle property taxes are assessed and levied within 120 days of the registration date of the vehicle and payment is due upon receipt of the property tax notice. Other vehicle property taxes are assessed and levied in the month the vehicle is scheduled for license renewal with the South Carolina Highway Department and payment is due before the end of the month of the scheduled renewal.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions, the Department recognizes grant revenues and receivables when the applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Resources received before the eligibility requirements are met are reported as deferred revenue.

Note 2 - GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENT RECONCILIATIONS

The governmental funds balance sheet is followed by a reconciliation between total fund balances - total governmental funds and net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The details of the element in the reconciliation that relates to long-term liabilities, \$7,221,282, follows:

Notes Payable	\$ 1,658,842
Net Pension Liability and Related Amounts	5,291,548
Compensated Absences	231,291
Accrued Interest Payable	39,601
·	\$ <u>7,221,282</u>

The governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances is followed by a reconciliation between net change in fund balances - total governmental funds and change in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. The element of the reconciliation that relates to long-term debt, \$132,817, is comprised of the following:

Principal Repayments \$\frac{132,817}{}

The details of another element in the reconciliation that relates to expenses, \$570,437, follows:

Accrued Interest	\$ (1,706)
Compensated Absences	(59,617)
Net Pension Liability	 631,760
·	\$ 570,437

Note 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Department's deposits in financial institutions was \$1,582,000 and the financial institutions' balances totaled \$1,605,000. Of that balance, \$904,814 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$700,186 collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department in the Department's name.

Note 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Department's deposits may not be returned to it. The Department does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

Note 4 - RECEIVABLES (NET)

Receivables at December 31, 2020, including the applicable allowances for doubtful accounts, are as follows:

	General Fund	Totals		
Emergency Medical Services	\$ 2,462,158	\$	\$ 2,462,158	
Intergovernmental	2,208,161		2,208,161	
Property Taxes	2,034,506		2,034,506	
Other	7,121	475	7,596	
	\$ 6,711,946	\$ 475	\$ 6,712,421	
Allowances for Doubtful Accounts	(1,720,548)		(1,720,548)	
	\$ <u>4,991,398</u>	\$ <u>475</u>	\$ <u>4,991,873</u>	

Note 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (NET)

The Department's capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	_	Beginning Balance	_	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land	\$_	974,517	\$_		\$_		\$_	974,517
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:	ø	100 206	ø		o		Φ.	100.206
Land Improvements Buildings and Improvements Fire Trucks	\$	109,296 3,892,214 4,095,120	3	18,919	\$		\$	109,296 3,911,133 4,095,120
Vehicles and Equipment	\$	2,790,645 10,887,275	\$	630,547 649,466	<u> </u>	204,193 204,193	\$	3,216,999 11,332,548
Accumulated Depreciation for:	-						_	
Land Improvements Buildings and Improvements Fire Trucks	\$	(83,465) (1,397,301) (2,546,451)		(5,342) (97,794) (142,175)	\$		\$	(88,807) (1,495,095) (2,688,626)
Vehicles and Equipment	\$	(1,972,209) (5,999,426)	\$_	(335,927) (581,238)	\$_	(122,046) (122,046)	\$_	(2,186,090) (6,458,618)
Capital Assets (Net)	\$	5,862,366	\$_	68,228	\$_	82,147	\$_	5,848,447

Note 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (NET) (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions / programs of the Department's governmental activities as follows:

Fire Department	\$ 536,787
Rescue Squad	44,451
	\$581,238

Note 6 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES / EXPENDITURES

Accounts payable and accrued expenses / expenditures consisted of the following at December 31, 2020:

	<u>Ge</u>	neral Fund	_	Rescue uad Fund		Totals
Trade Accounts Payable Accrued Salaries and Wages	\$	158,302 252,598	\$	24,261	\$	182,563 252,598
11001000 COMMISSION WAS IN MIGHT	\$	410,900	\$	24,261	\$	435,161
Reconciliation to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position:						
Accrued Interest Payable					\$ <u></u>	39,601 474,762

Note 7 - UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

At December 31, 2020 unavailable revenue consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Rescue General Fund Squad Fund					
Property Taxes	\$ 566,562		\$	566,562			
Emergency Medical Services	765,494			765,494			
	\$ <u>1,332,056</u>	\$	\$_	1,332,056			

Note 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Governmental Activities

At December 31, 2020, long-term debt of the Department's governmental activities was as follows:

Note 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

	(Original		Final			
	Issu	ssue Amount Interest Rates		Maturity Date		Amount	
Notes Payable:							
Conway National Bank	\$	320,915	2.74%	03/10/23	\$	269,821	
Conway National Bank		195,000	2.51	04/21/23		87,695	
Conway National Bank		1,000,000	2.74	02/15/24		880,500	
Conway National Bank		569,779	3.85	04/25/24	_	420,826	
					\$_	1,658,842	

The notes payable were issued to finance the acquisition of buildings and fire equipment. The notes are secured by the assets financed. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the notes payable are as follows:

]	Principal		Interest		_Total
Year Ending December 31, 2021	\$	137,111	\$	49,923	\$	187,034
2022		141,375		45,638		187,013
2023		373,493		40,016		413,509
2024		1,006,863		30,408		1,037,271
	\$	1,658,842	\$_	165,985	\$	1,824,827

B. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The Departments' long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

Communicated Activities		Beginning Balance	A	additions_	Red	luctions		Ending Balance	 e Within ne Year
Governmental Activities: Notes Payable	\$	1,791,659	\$		\$	132,817	\$	1,658,842	\$ 137,111
Compensated Absences		290,908		314,229	·	373,846	_	231,291	231,291
•	\$_	2,082,567	\$	314,229	\$	506,663	\$	1,890,133	\$ 368,402
Reconciliation to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position: Net Pension Liability							\$	7,190,972 9,081,105	 \$ 368,402

Note 9 - PENSION PLANS

A. Plan Description

The South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA). The SCRS was established pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement and other benefits for teachers and employees of the State and its political subdivisions.

The South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System (PORS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PEBA. The PORS was established pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-11-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement and other benefits to police officers and firefighters of the State and its political subdivisions.

PEBA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at www.peba.sc.gov/gasb/retirement or by writing to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, South Carolina 29223.

B. Membership

Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A brief summary of the requirements for the SCRS and the PORS is presented below.

SCRS - Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the SCRS as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees, teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election. An employee member with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012 is a Class Two member. An employee member with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012 is a Class Three member.

PORS - To be eligible for PORS membership, an employee must be required by the terms of employment, by election or appointment to preserve public order, protect life and property and detect crimes in the State; to prevent and control property destruction by fire; be a coroner in a full-time permanent position; or be a peace officer employed by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice or the Department of Mental Health. Probate judges and coroners may elect membership in the PORS. Magistrates are required to participate in the PORS for service as a magistrate. PORS members, other than magistrates and probate judges, must also earn at least \$2,000 per year and devote at least 1,600 hours per year to this work, unless exempted by statute. An employee member with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012 is a Class Two member. An employee member with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012 is a Class Three member.

C. Benefits Provided

Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service and average final compensation/current annual salary. A brief summary of benefit terms for the SCRS and the PORS is presented below.

Note 9 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

SCRS - A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five or eight year earned service requirement, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program.

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

PORS - A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 25 years of service regardless of age. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 27 years of service regardless of age. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a deferred annuity at age 55 with five or eight years of earned service, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program. Accidental death benefits are also provided upon the death of an active member working for a covered employer whose death was a natural and proximate result of an injury incurred while in the performance of duty.

The retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase.

D. Contributions

Actuarial valuations are performed annually by an external consulting actuary to ensure applicable contribution rates satisfy the funding parameters specified in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Under these provisions, SCRS and PORS contribution requirements must be sufficient to maintain an amortization period for the financing of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) over a period that does not exceed the number of years scheduled in State statute. Legislation in 2017 increased, but also established a ceiling for SCRS and PORS employee contribution rates. Effective July 1, 2017, employee rates were increased to a capped rate of 9.00% for SCRS and 9.75% for PORS. The legislation also increased employer contribution rates beginning July 1, 2017 for both SCRS and PORS by two percentage points and further scheduled employer contribution rates to increase by a minimum of one percentage point each year in accordance with State statute. However, the General Assembly postponed the one percent increase in the SCRS and PORS employer contribution rates that was scheduled to go into effect beginning July 1, 2020. If the scheduled contributions are not sufficient to meet the funding periods set in State statute, the Board shall increase the employer contribution rates as necessary to meet the funding periods set for the applicable year. The maximum funding period of SCRS and PORS is scheduled to be reduced over a ten-year period from thirty years beginning fiscal year 2018 to twenty years by fiscal year 2028.

Note 9 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

Additionally, the Board is prohibited from decreasing the SCRS and PORS contribution rates until the funded ratio is at least eighty-five percent. If the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the SCRS and PORS for funding purposes shows a ratio of the actuarial value of assets to the actuarial accrued liability (the funded ratio) that is equal to or greater than eighty-five percent, then the Board, effective on the following July first, may decrease the then current contribution rates upon making a finding that the decrease will not result in a funded ratio of less than eighty-five percent. If contribution rates are decreased pursuant to this provision, and the most recent annual actuarial valuation shows a funded ratio of less than eighty-five percent, then effective on the following July first, and annually thereafter as necessary, the Board shall increase the then current contribution rates until a subsequent annual actuarial valuation shows a funded ratio that is equal to or greater than eighty-five percent.

Required employee contributions rates, as a percentage of earnable compensation, are currently as follows:

	SCRS	PORS
Class Two Member	9.00%	9.75%
Class Three Member	9.00	9.75

Required employer contributions rates, as a percentage of earnable compensation, are currently as follows:

	SCRS	PORS
Class Two Member	15.41%	17.84%
Class Three Member	15.41	17.84
Incidental Death Benefit	0.15	0.20
Accidental Death Benefit	N/A	0.20

The Department's contributions to the SCRS and the PORS for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$10,427 and \$652,699, respectively. The contributions made by the Department were equal to the required contributions for the year.

E. Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense

SCRS - At December 31, 2020, the Department reported a liability of \$119,724 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The Department's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Department's long-term share of contributions to the SCRS relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the Department's proportion was 0.000469%, which has increased from its proportion of 0.000399%, measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Department recognized SCRS pension expense of \$8,486.

Note 9 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

PORS - At December 31, 2020, the Department reported a liability of \$7,071,248 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The Department's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Department's long-term share of contributions to the PORS relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the Departments' proportion was 0.213233%, which has increased from its proportion of 0.197980% measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Department recognized PORS pension expense of 1,286,401.

F. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Plans

At December 31, 2020, the Department reported deferred outflows of resources related to pension plans from the following sources:

	 SCRS		PORS
Differences Between Expected and Actual			
Pension Liability Experience	\$ 1,381	\$	150,279
Changes of Assumptions	147		86,292
Differences Between Projected and Actual			
Earnings on Plan Investments	10,089		815,021
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between			
Department Contributions and Proportionate Share			
of Contributions	13,700		600,060
Department Contributions Subsequent to the			
Measurement Date	 5,725	_	341,178
	\$ 31,042	\$	1,992,830

At December 31, 2020, the Department reported deferred inflows of resources related to pension plans from the following sources:

	 SCRS	 PORS
Differences Between Expected and Actual		
Pension Liability Experience	\$ 453	\$ 31,126
Differences Between Projected and Actual		
Earnings on Plan Investments	1,282	90,941
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between		
Department Contributions and Proportionate Share		
of Contributions	 646	
	\$ 2,381	\$ 122,067

Note 9 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

The \$346,903 amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension plans resulting from Department contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension plans will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SCI	<u>RS</u>		PORS
Year Ended December 31, 2021	\$	6,067	\$	599,457
2022		7,692		385,721
2023		6,930		340,177
2024		2,247	_	204,230
	\$	22,936	\$	1,529,585

G. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	SCRS	PORS
Inflation	2.25%	2.25%
Salary Increases	3.00 - 12.50	3.50 - 9.50
Investment Rate of Return	7.25	7.25

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. The base mortality assumptions, the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality Table, was developed using the SCRS's and the PORS's mortality experience. These base rates are adjusted for future improvement in mortality using published Scale AA projected from the year 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is based upon twenty-year capital market assumptions. The long-term expected rates of return represent assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market based inputs. Expected returns are net of investment fees.

The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2020 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. For actuarial purposes, the 7.25% assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the total pension liability includes a 5.00% real rate of return and a 2.25% inflation component. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are as follows:

Note 9 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

	Target Asset Allocation	Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	2.7.00	/ *** 0.4.0./
Global Public Equity	35.0%	
Private Equity	9.0	8.91
Equity Options Strategies	7.0	5.09
Real Assets		
Real Estate (Private)	8.0	5.55
Real Estate (REITs)	1.0	7.78
Infrastructure (Private)	2.0	4.88
Infrastructure (Public)	1.0	7.05
Opportunistic		
Global Tactical Asset Allocation	7.0	3.56
Other Opportunistic Strategies	1.0	4.41
Credit		
High Yield Bonds/Bank Loans	4.0	4.21
Emerging Markets Debt	4.0	3.44
Private Debt	7.0	5.79
Rate Sensitive		
Core Fixed Income	13.0	1.60
Cash and Short Duration (Net)	1.0	0.56
` ,	100.09	

H. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on provisions in the South Carolina Code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, the SCRS's and the PORS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

I. Sensitivity of the Department's Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower 6.25% or one percentage point higher 8.25% than the current rate:

		SCRS	
	1.0% Decrease	Current Rate	1.0% Increase
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
Department's Proportionate Share of the			
Net Pension Liability	\$ <u>148,383</u>	\$119,724	\$ <u>95,793</u>

Note 9 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

		PORS	
	1.0% Decrease	Current Rate	1.0% Increase
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
Department's Proportionate Share of the			
Net Pension Liability	\$ 9,361,142	\$_7,071,248	\$ <u>5,232,610</u>

J. SCRS and PORS Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the SCRS's and the PORS's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued comprehensive annual financial report.

Note 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Department is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In order to protect against these risks of loss, the Department purchases insurance coverage. During the year ended December 31, 2020, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded the Department's insurance coverage in any of the past three years.



SCHEDULE OF THE DEPARTMENT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE SCRS NET PENSION LIABILITY Last Seven Fiscal Years

					Department's	
					Proportionate	Plan Fiduciary
		Department's	Department's		Share of the	Net Position
		Proportion of	Proportionate	Department's	NPL as a %	as a % of the
		the Net Pension	Share of the	Covered	of its Covered	Total Pension
_	Year	Liability (NPL)	NPL	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
	12/31/20	0.000469 %	\$ 119,724	\$ 52,274	229.03 %	50.71 %
	12/31/19	0.000399	91,090	42,125	216.24	54.40
	12/31/18	0.000380	85,062	39,340	216.22	54.10
	12/31/17	0.000382	85,994	38,545	223.10	53.34
	12/31/16	0.000531	113,421	66,293	171.09	52.91
	12/31/15	0.001033	195,913	87,206	224.66	56.99
	12/31/14	0.000561	96,586	49,716	194.28	59.92

SCHEDULE OF THE DEPARTMENT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE PORS NET PENSION LIABILITY Last Seven Fiscal Years

Year	Department's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	Department's Proportionate Share of the NPL	Department's Covered Payroll	Department's Proportionate Share of the NPL as a % of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension Liability
12/31/20	0.213233 % \$	5 7,071,248	\$ 3,221,195	219.52 %	58.79 %
12/31/19	0.197980	5,673,995	2,867,565	197.87	62.69
12/31/18	0.190883	5,408,757	2,642,111	204.71	61.73
12/31/17	0.182470	4,998,740	2,457,207	203.43	60.94
12/31/16	0.132220	3,353,651	2,096,934	159.93	60.44
12/31/15	0.185850	4,050,594	2,384,345	169.88	64.57
12/31/14	0.167500	3,206,704	2,015,806	159.08	67.55

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENT CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE SCRS Last Seven Fiscal Years

Year		Contractually Required Contribution	R	ontributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Department's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll	
12/31/20	 \$	10,427	\$	10,427	\$	0	\$ 67,012	15.56	%
12/31/19	Ψ	6,534	*	6,534	*	0	43,360	15.07	
12/31/18		5,785		5,785		0	41,129	14.07	
12/31/17		4,782		4,782		0	38,078	12.56	
12/31/16		4,838		4,838		0	42,864	11.29	
12/31/15		8,839		8,839		0	80,465	10.98	
12/31/14		7,800		7,800		0	72,118	10.82	

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENT CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE PORS Last Seven Fiscal Years

Year		Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	_	Department's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll	
	12/31/20	\$ 652,699	\$	652,699	\$ 0	\$	3,578,394	18.24	%
	12/31/19	525,171		525,171	0		2,958,458	17.75	
	12/31/18	465,970		465,970	0		2,781,686	16.75	
	12/31/17	391,364		391,364	0		2,568,169	15.24	
	12/31/16	315,346		315,346	0		2,252,449	14.00	
	12/31/15	280,301		280,301	0		2,065,228	13.57	
	12/31/14	267,065		267,065	0		2,034,747	13.13	

MURRELLS INLET-GARDEN CITY FIRE DEPARTMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts		Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	Ф	4 222 010	rh	4 272 221	φ	40.212
Property Taxes	\$	4,232,018	>	4,272,331	Þ	40,313
Charges for Services		982,000 453,321		935,821 1,064,379		(46,179) 611,058
Impact Fees		50,000		462,737		412,737
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous		25,000		14,721		(10,279)
Total Revenues	s ⁻	5,742,339	₂	6,749,989	- _{\$} -	1,007,650
Total Revenues	Ψ	3,742,337	Ψ -	0,742,202	-Ψ-	1,007,030
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Fire Department	\$	5,178,471	\$	5,760,607	\$	(582,136)
Capital Outlay		361,420		649,466		(288,046)
Debt Service:		100.001		100.015		(2.50.6)
Principal		129,031		132,817		(3,786)
Interest		58,083	<u> </u>	54,236	- _m -	3,847
Total Expenditures	\$_	5,727,005	³ —	6,597,126	- 3 -	(870,121)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$_	15,334	\$	152,863	\$_	137,529
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of Capital Assets	\$		\$	12,330	\$	12,330
Transfers Out	_	(90,731)				90,731
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$_	(90,731)	\$_	12,330	- \$ -	103,061
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(75,397)	\$	165,193	\$	240,590
Fund Balances - Beginning		4,792,912		4,792,912		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$_	4,717,515	\$_	4,958,105	\$_	240,590

MURRELLS INLET-GARDEN CITY FIRE DEPARTMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL RESCUE SQUAD FUND

Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Charges for Services	\$ 400,265	,		
Miscellaneous Total Revenues	\$ 300 400,565	375 400,640 \$	75 75	
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Rescue Squad	\$ 491,296	528,422	(37,126)	
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	\$ (90,731)	(127,782) \$	(37,051)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	90,731		(90,731)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(127,782)	(127,782)	
Fund Balance - Beginning	16,145	16,145		
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ 16,145	(111,637)	(127,782)	

MURRELLS INLET-GARDEN CITY FIRE DEPARTMENT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2020

Note 1 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Department utilizes the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Board of Directors submits a proposed operating budget for the year commencing the following January 1st. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to December 31st, the budget is adopted by a majority vote of the Board of Directors.
- 4. The Department generally adopts an annual appropriated budget for all funds other than fiduciary funds. The budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- 5. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.